



# **University of Florida 5 Year Budget Review**



# Steering Committee Role and Responsibility

- ❖ Defined the scope of the review process, project goals and guiding principles.
- ❖ Ensured that the resulting project plan, implementation efforts, and resources required aligned with the University's strategic goals and initiatives.
- ❖ Provided leadership and guidance for any decisions, issues, and risks that were escalated by the Budget Review Task Force.



# Task Force Role and Responsibility

- ❖ Responsible for performing a review of the current Budget Model and related business processes.
- ❖ Identified the specific work streams to be carried out based on guidance provided by the Steering Committee.
- ❖ Created working groups as needed and made all work assignments.
- ❖ Provided guidance and support for participation from within the university to enable appropriate decision making.
- ❖ Escalated issues to the Steering Committee when appropriate.
- ❖ Provided monthly status reports to the Steering Committee.



## Desired Outcomes Addressed

- ❖ Simplify the Model
- ❖ Model should be:
  - ❖ Predictable
  - ❖ Ensure alignment with University strategic goals
  - ❖ Provide Clarity
- ❖ Creation of Dedicated Provost Strategic Fund
- ❖ Incentivize Specific Activities



# Common Concerns We Focused On

- ❖ Weights
- ❖ Classification of space
- ❖ Calculation too complicated
- ❖ Budget is a surprise each year
- ❖ Can't predict outcomes of decisions
- ❖ Degree production not incentivized
- ❖ Retention not incentivized
- ❖ Interdisciplinary programs not incentivized
- ❖ Research not incentivized (linear tax)
- ❖ IDC vs SPA Tax
- ❖ Tax Driver/Assessment Metrics
- ❖ Start up issues for entrepreneurial activities
- ❖ Capped enrollment
- ❖ Tuition allocation
- ❖ Waivers
- ❖ Self funded courses lead to faculty overload
- ❖ Tax creep
- ❖ Subvention
- ❖ Strategic Fund



# Overview of Work

- ❖ Reviewed methodology for Base Budget and Subvention
- ❖ Identified process issues – what is working, what needs improvement
- ❖ Reviewed weights and their use
- ❖ Reviewed variable tax rates
- ❖ Reviewed methods for funding Provost Strategic Fund
- ❖ Reviewed how Tuition is allocated
- ❖ Reviewed dependence on State timelines
- ❖ Reviewed Support Unit budgeting process
- ❖ Provided ranked options/recommendations for changes to current model



# Overview of Work

**Committee focused on a model for:**

**Colleges -**

- ❖ General fund revenues (Tuition, State Appropriations) all flow to central administration – then distributed to Colleges
- ❖ Colleges receive a significant portion of their revenue as a function of what they do (Tuition & IDC)
- ❖ State appropriation used to help pay for General Fund Supplement
- ❖ Colleges pay a set of revenue taxes: IT, General Administration, Health Science Center Administration, and a Facility Assessment based on square footage and type of space



# Overview of Work (continued)

## Distribution of revenues to Colleges

- ❖ Distribute all (collected/net) tuition using 70/30 teaching/enrollment except for new undergraduate student out of state fee – Differentiate tuition from fee
- ❖ Revenues from new undergraduate out of state students (Fall 2015 – 300 new students = approx. \$3.1m) will establish the Provost Strategic Fund
- ❖ Distribute General Fund Supplement to hold harmless for FY 2017 – same budget as FY 2016 – with additions for FY 16 raises, Preeminence changes, PO&M
- ❖ General Fund Supplement will be the same in future years unless significant or strategic changes occur
- ❖ OH assessed using fixed rates on revenues (GA/IT; HSC), Facilities no change – commitment is that support units costs will be managed and controlled to stay within this budgeted revenue stream – significant unfunded mandates may require special assessments
- ❖ Tuition revenue determined using terms from CY 2015 (Spring, Summer, Fall 2015)
- ❖ This actually generates additional new revenues over prior (hold harmless) years – waiting on final appropriation numbers to determine how to handle this new revenue





# Overview of Work (continued)

## **Auxiliaries -**

- ❖ Auxiliary unit's budgets lie outside of the general fund but are taxed
- ❖ Auxiliaries pay tax on expenditures: IT and General Administration (Note for Facilities costs: many own their own space or are funded through PO&M)

## **Support Units and Other -**

- ❖ Provost in consultation with Sr. VPs sets budgets for Support Units
- ❖ Library and Student Services funded by the Provost
- ❖ State funded Service Centers and other appropriated units funded by State appropriation
- ❖ Other distribution/assessment arrangements stay the same for the upcoming budget year (FY 17)



# Overview of Work (continued)

## Research – Sponsored Program Assessment Desired Outcomes

- ❖ Minimize disincentives or penalties within the previous expenditure-based model for low IDC bearing grants and contracts
- ❖ Achieve better predictability for IDC distributions to the units
- ❖ Minimize the perturbation in distribution to any given unit in making the transition to the new model.
- ❖ Distribute returned IDC so as to support research operations and infrastructure, factoring in research costs and other available resources within a given unit



# Overview of Work (continued)

## Research – Sponsored Program Assessment

### ❖ Proposed New Model

- ❖ It is not based on expenditure data. Instead, the amount of SPA tax assessment is based on a percentage of total accrued IDC to a given unit in the prior year.
- ❖ The percentage applied for assessing the SPA tax is not the same for all units. Instead, there are four tiers:
  - ❖ Tier 1 (36.8%): High research intensity, high in-unit research infrastructure costs, little or no additional resources to support research infrastructure
  - ❖ Tier 2 (49%): High research intensity, high in-unit research infrastructure costs, some additional resources available to support research infrastructure
  - ❖ Tier 3 (53.5%): Units with research portfolios that have additional resources to support research infrastructure, lower in-unit research infrastructure costs, or have lower research intensity
  - ❖ Tier 4 (75%): Units with little or no research activity; 25% of the returned IDC is reserved in the event that a PI, dept, or center is eligible for returned IDC under UF policy.



# Overview of Work (continued)

## Research – Sponsored Program Assessment

- ❖ The overall model was required to collect very near the same total amount of SPA tax as was collected in FY 16, effectively using FY 16 as a baseline
- ❖ The individual percentages for each tier were optimized to yield manageable shifts in SPA tax within the context of FY 16's tax.
- ❖ No change to existing distribution policy for PI's, Departments or Centers
- ❖ As the research portfolio grows, this model allows the available resources for central research services supported by SPA (Office of Research, Contracts & Grants, EH&S, Cost Analysis) to increase proportional to IDC growth. In addition, this same group of units will need to be able to withstand fluctuations downward in IDC in any given year.



# Approvals and Next Steps

## Approvals

- ❖ Reviewed with Budget Review Task Force – January 25
- ❖ Reviewed with Sr. VPs – February 2
- ❖ Reviewed with Executive Steering Committee – February 9

## Next Steps

- ❖ Review with Faculty Senate – April 21
- ❖ Make final adjustments and run the final model – April 25 – May 2
- ❖ Determine next steps for further refinement to model for FY 2018 and gain Executive Steering Committee endorsement – reconvene the Task Force

# Questions?